Risk factors for injury and injury prevention

Allison Schroeder, MD

Physician, Department of Orthopaedics, Division of Sports Medicine and Division of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation
Assistant Professor, Case Western Reserve University School of Medicine



Risk factors for injury and injury prevention

Allison Schroeder

Dancer (ballet, tap, jazz), swimmer, soccer player, basketball player Runner:

Ohio D2 State Champion 300 m hurdles – 43.32

University of Notre Dame: 800m 2:08, 1500m 4:28 (converts to 4:47 1600m)

Recreational (retired??) runner

-Marathon 2:54, half marathon 1:18, 10K 36:11, 5K 17:48

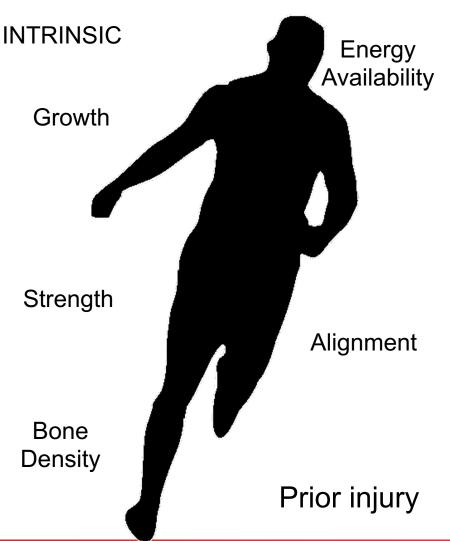


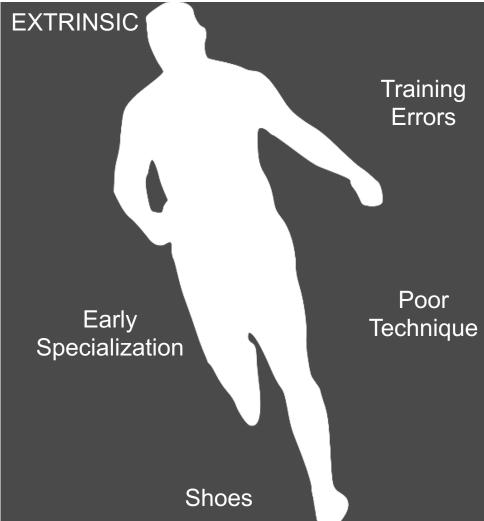
Outline

- Risk Factors for Injury
- Balancing Training and Recovery
- When to See a Physician

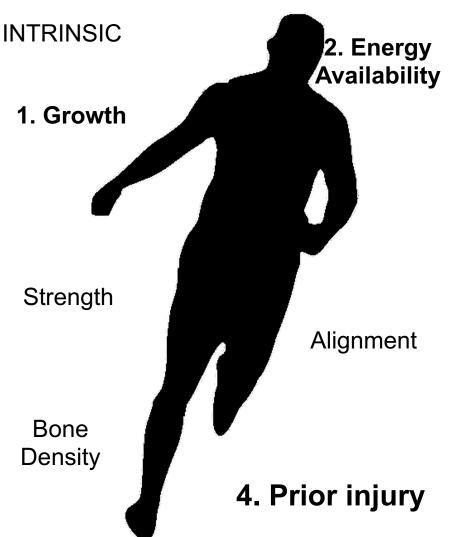


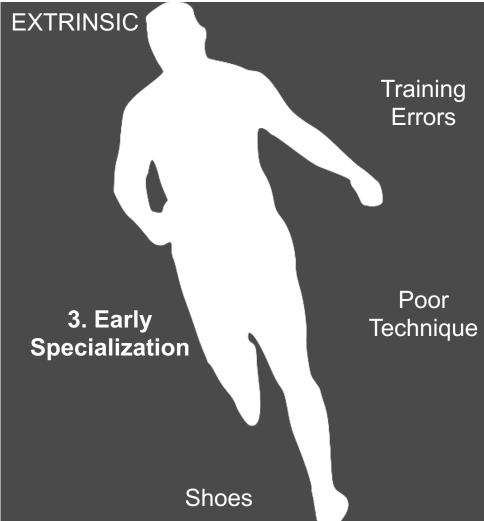
Risk factors for injury





Risk factors for injury





Growth



Energy Availability

(Energy IN - Energy OUT) + Fat Free Mass

Low Energy Availability



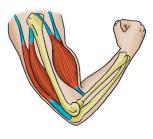
(Energy IN — Energy OUT)



Fat Free Mass

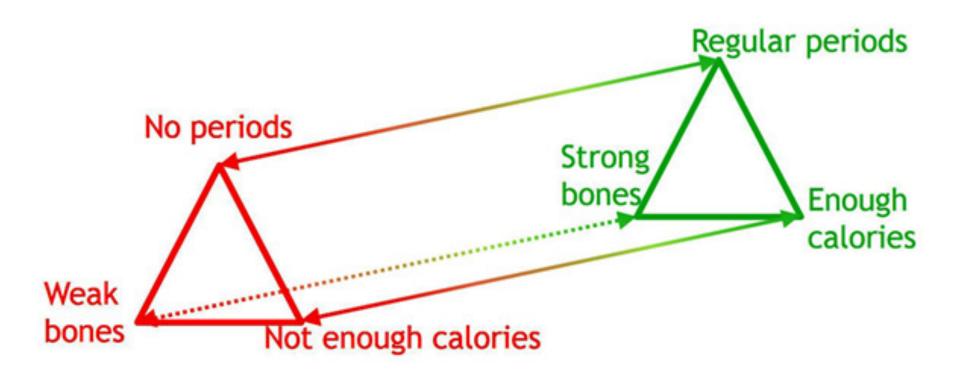








Female Athlete Triad RELATIVE ENERGY DEFICIENCY IN SPORT (RED-S)



RED-S Affects Males Too



Far too many athletes and coaches are unaware of the dangers underfueling poses to performance and health, Riley, now 33, believes. "I knew that RED-S was a possibility. But I kind of thought you really had to try—you had to be essentially anorexic or bulimic, or really restricting yourself," he said.

-Runner's World article

Sports Specialization

- Early sports specialization
 - Intensive training or competition in one sport for >8 months a year
 - Focus on a single sport with the exclusion of all other sports or free play

Early Sports Specialization

Increased risk of overuse injury

Training more hours a week than your age in years

Regimented training greater than twice as long as "free play"

Early Sports
Specialization
does NOT
increase your
chance of running
in college

87% of DI female runners and 91% of DI male runners were multisport athletes





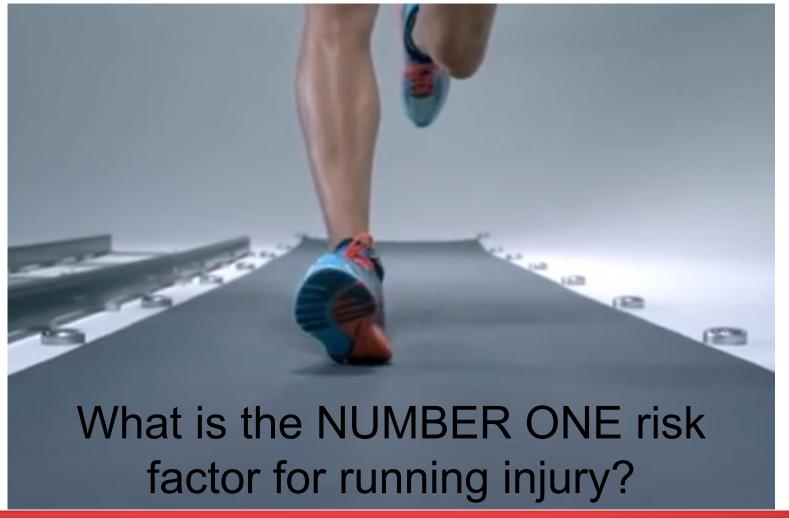


Sports Diversification

↓ Burnout & ↑ Fun



Prior Injury



Optimizing Fitness and Preventing Injury

RECOVERY

LOAD



Recovery:

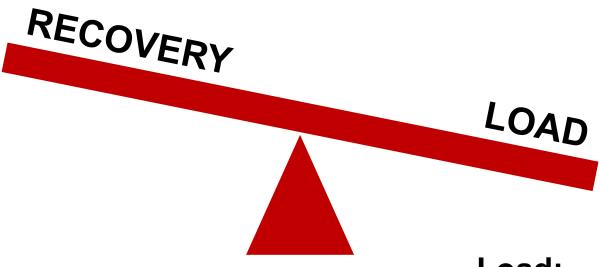
- Hydration / Nutrition
- Sleep / Rest
- Relaxation / Mental Recovery

Load:

- Training Load
 - Overload principle
 - Periodization
- Specialization
- School/Life Stress



↑ Injury Risk



Recovery:

- Hydration / Nutrition
- Sleep / Rest
- Relaxation / Mental Recovery

Load:

- Training Load
 - Overload principle
 - Periodization
- Specialization
- School/Life Stress



When to stop running / seek medical care

- 1. Pain that increases while running or becomes sharp
- 2. Pain that lasts >24 hours after running
- 3. Pain >3/10 that persists
- 4. Pain causes a limp
- Pain similar to prior injury that resulted in time off from running



Take Home Points

- Intrinsic vs. extrinsic risk factors for injury
- You need to properly fuel your body for running success

RED-S Affects Men Too
-Jake Riley



Dear Body I Love You
-Allie Ostrander



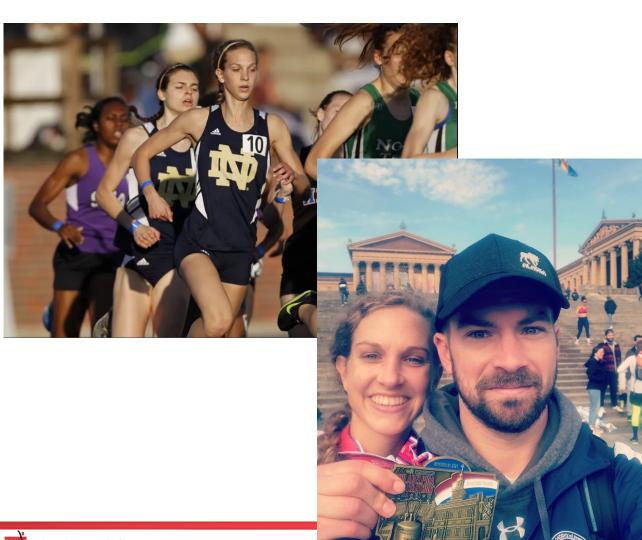
Overcame ED to Win OLY Medal -Molly Seidel



- Ensure recovery and load are balanced
- Know when to see a doctor (and what type of doctor to see)



Questions?





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